#### NALGONDA

## U.G. ECONOMICS (STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS)

## Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

## BA 1<sup>st</sup> Year (Core Courses) W.E.F. Academic Year 2016-17 Batch

| Semester       | Course Title |  | Credits |  |
|----------------|--------------|--|---------|--|
|                |              |  |         |  |
| Semester - I   | Course - I   | Micro Economics  | 5       |  |
| Semester - II  | Course - II  | Macro Economics  | 5       |  |
| B.A II Year    | (Core Course | es)  |         |  |
| Semester - III | Course - III | Quantitative Methods for Economic Analysis                 | 5       |  |
| Semester - IV  | Course - IV  | Public Finance and International Economics                 | 5       |  |
| B.A III Year   |              |  |         |  |
| Semester - V   | Course - V   | Indian Economy (Core Course)                               | 5       |  |
| Semester - V   | Course - VI  | (Discipline Specific Electives)                            | 5       |  |
|                | (a)          | Economics of Development and Planning                      |         |  |
|                | (b)<br>(c)   | Financial Institutions & Markets<br>Agricultural Economics |         |  |
|                |              | 6  |         |  |
| Semester - VI  | Course - VII | Telangana Economy ( Core Course)                           | 5       |  |
| Semester- VI   | Course- VIII | (Discipline Specific Electives)                            | 5       |  |
|                | a)           | Computer Applications in Economics                         |         |  |
|                | b)           | Economics of Environment                                   |         |  |
|                | c)           | Economics of Rural Development                             |         |  |

## NALGONDA

## U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

## B.A. I YEAR (w.e.f. Academic Year 2016-17 Batch)

SEMESTER – I: CORE COURSE (Credits - 5)

## COURSE – I: MICRO ECONOMICS

#### <u>Unit – I: Demand Analysis</u>

Introduction to Economics – Definition, Nature and Scope of Economics – Micro and Macro Economic Analyses – Concept of Demand and Law of Demand – Determinants of Demand – Types of Demand – Demand Function – Shifts in Demand – Concept of Supply and Law of Supply – Market Equilibrium – Elasticity of Demand – Price, Income and Cross Elasticities of Demand – Measurement Methods of Price Elasticity of Demand

#### Unit – II: Utility Analysis

Cardinal and Ordinal Utility Approaches – Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility – Law of Equi-Marginal Utility – Consumer Surplus – Indifference Curve Analysis: Assumptions, Properties, Budget Line and Consumer's Equilibrium – Derivation of Demand Curve with the help of Indifference Curves – Price Effect, Income Effect and Substitution Effect

## <u>Unit – III: Production Analysis</u>

Concepts of Production, Production Function and Factors of Production – Law of Variable Proportions – Isoquant, Iso-cost Curves and Producer's Equilibrium – Laws of Returns to Scale – Economies and Diseconomies of Scale – Cost Analysis: Total, Average and Marginal Cost Curves in Short Run and Long Run – Revenue Analysis: Total, Average and Marginal Revenue Curves – Relationship among Average Revenue, Marginal Revenue and Elasticity of Demand

## <u>Unit – IV: Market Structure Analysis – I</u>

Concepts of Firm, Industry and Market – Classification of Markets – Objectives of the Firm – Equilibrium of a Firm – Perfect Competition: Concept, Characteristics, Equilibrium of Firm and Industry during Short Run and Long Run – Monopoly: Concept, Types, Characteristics and Equilibrium of the Firm – Price Discrimination – Comparison between Perfect Competition and Monopoly

## <u>Unit – V: Market Structure Analysis – II</u>

Monopolistic Competition: Concept, Characteristics, Equilibrium of the Firm and Selling Costs – Oligopoly: Concept, Characteristics and Price Rigidity – Kinky Demand Curve – Duopoly: Concept and Characteristics – Cournot Model

Reference Books:

| A Koutsoyiannis   | • | Modern Micro Economics         |
|-------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Stonier and Hague | : | A Text Book of Economic Theory |
| Salvatore         | : | Micro Economics                |
| Schaum Series     | : | Micro Economics                |
| Pyndick           | : | Micro Economics                |
| Gregory Mankiw    | : | Principles of Micro Economics  |
| M L Seth          | : | Micro Economics                |
| M L Jhingan       | • | Micro Economics                |
| H L Ahuja         | • | Modern Micro Economics         |
| HS Agarwal        | : | Principles of Economics        |

# U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS) B.A. I YEAR (w.e.f. Academic Year 2016-17 Batch SEMESTER – II: CORE COURSE (Credits - 5)

COURSE -- II: MACRO ECONOMICS

## <u>Unit – I: Introduction</u>

Meaning, Nature & Scope and Importance of Macro Economics – Concept of Circular Flow of Incomes – National Income Analysis: Concepts and Components – Methods of Measurement – Importance and Difficulties in the Estimation of National Income – Limitations of National Income as a Measure of Welfare – Social Accounting

#### <u>Unit – II: Theories of Income and Employment</u>

Classical Theory of Employment: Say's Law of Markets and Pigou's Wage Cut Policy – Keynesian Theory of Income and Employment: Effective Demand, Aggregate Demand Function and Aggregate Supply Function – Consumption Function: Average Propensity to Consume (APC) and Marginal Propensity to Consume (MPC) – Factors Determining Consumption Function – Savings Function: Average Propensity to Save and Marginal Propensity to Save – Concepts of Multiplier, Accelerator and Super-Multiplier

## Unit - III: Investment & Theories of Interest Rate

Capital and Investment: Types of Investment, Determinants of Investment – Marginal Efficiency of Capital – Ex-Post and Ex- Ante Investment and Savings – Classical, Neo-Classical and Keynesian Theories of Interest – Simultaneous Determination of Interest and Real Income through IS-LM Framework in a Closed Economy

## Unit – IV: Supply of Money & Demand for Money

Meaning, Functions and Classification of Money – Money Supply: Measures – Measures of Money Supply with reference to India: M1, M2, M3 and M4 – Classical Theories of Money: Fisher's and Cambridge Versions of Quantity Theory of Money – Keynes' Theory of Money and Prices.

## Unit – V: Inflation & Trade Cycles

Inflation: Concept, Types, Causes and Measurement –Effects (Consequences) of Inflation – Measures to Control Inflation – Concepts of Phillips Curve, Deflation and Stagflation – Trade Cycles: Concept, Nature, Causes, Phases and Remedial Measures.

## Reference Books:

| Ackley, G (1976)    | : Macro Economics: Theory and Policy, Macmillan, New York    |
|---------------------|--|
| Shapiro, E (1996)   | : Macro Economic Analysis, Galgotia Publications, New Delhi  |
| J R Hicks           | : Social Frame Work  |
| Becan Man Wilfred   | : Introduction to National Income Analysis                   |
| Hansen A H (1953)   | : A Guide to Keynes, McGraw Hill, New York                   |
| Keynes JM (1936)    | : The General Theory of Employment, Interest and Money,      |
| MC Vaish            | : Macro Economic Theory                                      |
| HL Ahuja            | : Macro Economic Theory & Policy                             |
| Vanitha Agarwal     | : Macro Economic Theory & Policy, Pearson Education          |
| HL Ahuja            | : Macro Economic Analysis                                    |
| Branson             | : Macro Economics  |
| Gupta, SB           | : Monetary Economics: Institutions, Theory and Policy        |
| Rakshit, M          | : Studies in Macro Economics of Developing Countries, Oxford |
|                     | University Press, New York                                   |
| R. Dorn Busch et al | : Macro Economics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004                    |
| M.L. Seth           | : Macro Economics, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2006        |

## NALGONDA

## U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

### B.A. II YEAR

### SEMESTER – III: CORE COURSE (Credits - 5)

## COURSE – III: QUANTITATIVE METHODS FOR ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

#### <u>Unit – I: Mathematical Foundations of Economic Analysis</u>

Importance of Quantitative Methods in Economics- Meaning and Basic Concepts of Mathematics: Constants and Variables – Functions: Linear, Non-Linear Functions –Equations and Graphs of Linear, Quadratic and Cubic Functions Unit – II: Introduction to Statistics

Meaning and Basic Concepts of Statistics – Population and Sample, Frequency Distribution, Cumulative Frequency – Graphic and Diagrammatic Representation of Data – Types of Data: Primary and Secondary Data – Methods of Collecting Data: Census and Sampling Methods (Random, Non-random Sampling Methods)

#### Unit - III: Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion

Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode,- Properties of Good Average – Measures of Dispersion – Absolute and Relative Measures of Dispersion: Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Coefficient of Variation and Variance

#### <u>Unit – IV: Correlation and Regression</u>

Correlation: Meaning and Types – Karl Pearson's Correlation Co-efficient – Spearmen's Rank Correlation and concept of Regression.

#### Unit - V: Index Numbers and Time Series Analysis

Index Numbers: Meaning and Uses – Types of Index Numbers – Methods of Index Numbers: Laspayer, Paasche and Fisher – Analysis of Time-Series: Meaning and Uses – Components of Time Series Analysis: Secular, Seasonal, Cyclical and Irregular Variations – Methods of Measurement of Secular Trends: Graphic, Semi-Averages, Moving Averages.

## Reference Books

| Allen, RGD   | • | Mathematical Analysis for Economists, Macmillan Press, London. |
|--------------|---|--|
| Bhardwaj RS  | : | Mathematics for Economics and Business, Excel Books, New Delhi |
| Bose         | : | Mathematics for Economics, Himalaya Publishing, New Delhi      |
| Chiang, AC   | : | Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics McGraw Hill,     |
|              |   | New Delhi  |
| Nagar & Das: | В | asic Statistics  |
| S.P. Gupta   | : | Statistics   |
|              |   |  |

## NALGONDA

## U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

## B.A. II YEAR

### SEMESTER – IV: CORE COURSE (Credits - 5)

#### COURSE - IV: PUBLIC FINANCE AND INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS

#### <u>Unit – I: Public Revenue</u>

Nature and Scope of Public Finance – Public Revenue: Sources and Classification –Direct and Indirect Taxes: Progressive, Proportional and Regressive Taxes – Canons of Taxation – Characteristics of a Good Tax System – Impact and Incidence of Taxation – Effects of Taxation

## <u>Unit – II: Public Expenditure and Public Debt</u>

Public Expenditure: Classification and Principles – Determinants of Public Expenditure – Effects of Public Expenditure – Public Debt: Nature, Sources, Classification, Effects and Redemption – Debt Trap

#### <u>Unit – III: Indian Public Finance</u>

Indian Tax System – Public Expenditure and Public Debt in India - Federal Finance – Centre-State Financial Relations – Functions of Finance Commission – Budget: Concepts & Types – Revenue Account – Capital Account – Types of Budget Deficits – Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management (FRBM) Act.

## Unit – IV: International Trade

Introduction to International Trade – Classical, Neoclassical and Modern (H-O) theory-Gains from Trade – Role of International Trade in Economic Development - Concept of Terms of Trade – Factors Affecting Terms of Trade – Tariffs – Quotas – Balance of Trade – Exports and Imports in India.

## <u>Unit – V: Balance of Payments and Exchange Rates</u>

Concept – Components and Determinants of Balance of Payments – Equilibrium and Disequilibrium in Balance of Payments – Measures to Correct Disequilibrium in Balance of Payments – Recent Trends in India's Balance of Payments – Exchange Rates: Concept and Types

## Reference Books

| 1  | Houghton, J M (1970)       | The Public Finance: Selected Readings, Penguin, Harmondsworth        |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| 2  | Jha, R (1998)              | Modern Public Economics, Routledge, London                           |
| 3  | Menutt, P (1996)           | The Economics of Public Choice, Edward Elgar, U.K.                   |
| 4  | Musgrave, R A (1959)       | The Theory of Public Finance, McGraw Hill, Kogakusha, Tokyo          |
| 5  | RA Musgrave & PB Musgrave  | Public Finance in Theory and Practice, McGraw Hill, Kogakusha, Tokyo |
| 6  | S K Singh                  | Public Economics   |
| 7  | Om Prakash                 | Public Economics   |
| 8  | M L Jhingan                | Public Economics   |
| 9  | H L Bhatia                 | Public Economics   |
| 10   | Sodersten Bo               | International Economics, Macmillan Press Ltd., London                |
| 11   | Vaish MC and Sudhama Singh | International Economics, Himalaya Publishing,<br>House, New Delhi    |
| 12   | Salvatore, D L             | International Economics, Prentice Hall                               |
| 13   | Mithani DM                 | International Economics, Himalaya, Mumbai                            |
| 14   | Mannar HG                  | International Economics, Vikas, Delhi                                |
| 15   | Desai                      | International Economics, Himalaya, New Delhi                         |
| 16. Kenan, P.B. (1994) : The International Economy, Cambridge University Press, London |                            |  |

- 17. Kindlberger, C.P. (1973): International Economics, R.D. Irwin, Homewood
- Krugman, P.R. and M. Obstgeld (1994): International Economics: Theory and Policy, Glenview, Foresman
- Bhargava, R.N. (1971): The Theory and Working of Union Finance in India, Chaitanya Publishing House, Allahbad
- 21. Houghton, E.W. (Ed.) (1988) : Public Finance, Penguin, Baltimore
- 22. Mithani, D.M. (1998) : Modern Public Finance, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 23. Vaish & Sundaram : Public Finance , Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai
- 24. Hugh Dalton : Principles of Public Finance

## U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

## B.A. III YEAR

## SEMESTER – V: CORE COURSE (Credits - 5)

## COURSE – V: INDIAN ECONOMY

## <u>Unit – I: Basic Structure of the Indian Economy</u>

Basic Features of Indian Economy: Growth and Structural Changes in Indian Economy – Demographic Features – Population: Size, Growth, Composition and their Implications on Indian Economy – Concept of Demographic Dividend – Occupational Distribution of Population in India – Population Policy of India – Development of Socio-Economic Infrastructure: Education and Health

#### <u>Unit – II: National Income, Poverty and Unemployment</u>

Trends and Composition of National Income in India – Income Inequalities in India: Poverty and Unemployment in India: Concept, Types, Trends, Causes and Consequences — Poverty Alleviation and Employment Generation Programmes (MGNREGS, PMRY, PMEGP etc.) in India

## Unit – III: Agricultural Sector

Structure of Indian Agriculture Sector– Trends in Agricultural Production and Productivity – Land Reforms – Green Revolution – Agricultural Inputs, Finance, Sources of Irrigation– Agricultural Marketing – Agricultural Price Policy-

## Unit - IV: Industrial and Service Sector

Structure, Growth, Importance and Problems of Indian Industry – Large, MSME– Industrial Policies of 1948, 1956 and 1991 – FEMA and Competition Commission of India – Disinvestment Policy and Recent Industrial Policy – Structure of Service Sector – Infrastructural Development: Transport, Banking, Insurance, Information Technology, Communication and Tourism – Foreign Direct Investment <u>Unit – V: Planning and Public Policy</u>

Five Year Plans: Concept and Objectives – Review of Five Year Plans – 12<sup>th</sup> Five Year Plan – NITI Aayog – Economic Reforms: Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization– Impact of GATT and WTO on Indian Economy

| SK Misra and Puri | : Indian Economy, Himalaya Publishing House |
|-------------------|---|
| Ishwar C Dhigra   | : The Indian Economy: Environment and       |
|                   | Policy, SC Chand & Sons, New Delhi          |
| Dutt and Sundaram | : Indian Economy                            |

## NALGONDA

## U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

## B.A. III YEAR

## SEMESTER – V: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES(Credits-5)

#### COURSE-VI (a): ECONOMICS OF DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING

#### Unit-I: Economic Development and Growth

Concepts of Economic Growth and Development – Differences between growth and development- Measurement of Economic Development: Per Capita Income, Basic Needs, Physical Quality of Life Index, Human Development Index and other indices

#### Unit-II: Determinants of Economic Development

Factors determining Economic Development – Economic Factors- Market Economy, Trust, Property rights, Economic stability, National income, Population and capital formation- Non-economic factors-Education, Health, Urbanization, Migration, political factors, quality of leadership, Good governance, Law and Order, social justice etc.

#### Unit-III: Theories of Economic Development

Nurkse's Balanced Growth Strategy, Hirsch Man's Un-balanced Growth Strategy – Lewis' Theory of Unlimited Supply of Labour – Rodan's Big-push Theory - Schumpeterian Theory of Innovations - Choice of Techniques.

## Unit-IV: Planning for Economic Development

Concept of Planning, Objectives of planning, process of planning, Types of planning-Democratic planning and socialist planning, Indicative planning and Imperative planning, Perspective planning and short term planning, National planning and Regional planning(Micro planning), Sectoral planning and Area planning.

#### Unit-V: Planning for under developed countries

Obstacles of economic development-Social and cultural factors, Religious factors, political factors, Market imperfections, factor immobility, price rigidity, ignorance of market conditions, vicious circle and International factors- Characteristics of Developed and Under Developed Countries - Need for planning in under developed countries and Role of state.

| References:<br>Mier, Gerald, M<br>Todaro, Micheal P                     | : Leading issues in Economic Development, OUP, Delhi<br>: Economic Development in the third world, Orient Longman.   |
|---|--|
| Ghatak Subrata<br>Sukumoy chakravarthy<br>Misra & Puri<br>Taneja & Myer | <ul> <li>: Introduction to development economics</li> <li>: Development Planning- Indian Experience, OUP, Delhi</li> <li>: Economic Development and Planning, theory and practice</li> <li>:Economics of Development and Planning, Vishal Publishing.</li> </ul> |

#### U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

## B.A. III YEAR

## SEMESTER – V: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES

#### COURSE-VI (b): FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND MARKETS

#### Unit - I: Financial System – An Introduction

Financial System: Concept, Nature – Functions of the Financial System – The Structure of the Financial System - Financial Market Development: Indicators – Equilibrium in Financial Markets – Financial System and Economic Development

#### <u>Unit - II: Banking in India</u>

Commercial banks: Types, Functions, Principles and Balance Sheet – Process of Credit Creation - Functions of Central Bank - The Aims and Objectives of the Monetary Policy -Instruments of Monetary Policy - Definition and Types of Non-bank Financial Institutions: Measures taken to Control their Operations - Financial Sector Reforms in India

#### Unit - III: Development Banking

Development Bank: Concept, Functions and Importance – Different Development Banks – Investment Banking – Merchant Banking, World Bank – IDA, ADB – BRICS

#### Unit -IV: Money Markets in India

Money Market: Concept, Components and Functions – Call Money Market – Treasury Bill Market - Commercial Bill Market – Commercial Paper and Certificate of Deposits- Discount Market.

#### Unit - V: Capital Market in India

Capital Market: Concept, Components and Functions – Primary and secondary Markets-Stock Exchange: Concepts and Functions – SEBI: Functions - Recent Changes in stock market Bhole, L.M. (1999) : Financial Institutions and Markets, Tata McGraw Hill Company Ltd., New Delhi. Bhole, L.M. (2000) : Indian Financial System, Chugh Publications, Allahabad. Chandra, P. (1997) : Financial Markets,(4th Edition), Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. : Financial Institutions, Markets and Management, Edminster, R.O. (1986) McGraw Hill, New York. : Security Analysis and Portfolio Management, Eastern Fisher, G.E. and Economy Edition, New Delhi. R.J. Jordan (1992) Goldsmith, R.W. (1969) : Financial Structure and Development, Yale, London. Hanson, J.A. and : India: A Financial Sector for the Twenty-first Century, Oxford University Press, New Delhi. S. Kathuria (Eds.) (1999) : Performance of Financial Institutions, Cambridge Harker, P.T. and S.A. Zenios (ed.), (2000) University Press, Cambridge. Johnson, H.J (1996) : Financial Institutions and Markets, Tata McGraw Hill, Delhi. : Indian Financial System, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi. Khan, M.Y. (1996) Machiraju, H.R. (1997) : International Financial Markets in India, Wheeler Publishing, Allahbad. Machiraju, M.R. (1999) : Indian Financial Systems, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi Ohlson, J.A. (1987) : The Theory of Financial Markets and Institutions, North Holland, Amsterdam. : Development of India's Financial System, Sarup & Sons, Prasad, K.N. (2001) Delhi. Rangarajan, C. (1999) : Indian Economics: Essays on Money and Finance, UBS Publication, New Delhi. : Financial Markets, McGraw Hill, London D. Wightman Robinson, R.I and (1981)Smith, P.F. (1978) : Money and Financial Intermediation: The Theory and Structure of Financial System, Prentice Hall, Englewood - Cliff, New Jersey.

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## U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

## B.A. III YEAR

### SEMESTER – VI: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES

#### COURSE – VI (c): Agricultural Economics Unit-I: Agricultural Economics Nature and significance

Concept, Scope, nature and features of Agricultural economics – role of Agriculture in economic development and other social sciences, inter dependence between Agriculture and Industry– - Agriculture and allied activities

#### **Unit-II: Production:**

Production function – Farm size and productivity, Concept and Measurement, Returns to scale, Law of diminishing returns scale.–, Economies of Scale. Cropping pattern and factors affecting it, Agricultural inputs-Land, Water, Labour, Seed, Fertilizer and pesticides. Input subsidies.

#### **Unit-III: Demand and Supply analysis:**

Demand for Agricultural goods and its determinists – Price, Income, Weather, Population and Industrialization – supply of Agricultural goods in short term and Long term. Supply determinants– Price, factor prices, Technology, Government policy.

## **Unit-IV: – Agriculture Prices:**

Price determination of agriculture produce in market and by Government-Agricultural price policy in India: Negative price policy, Positive price policy, Role of Government in determination of support price in India, causes and remedies for Instability of agricultural prices.

## **Unit-V: Agricultural Finance and Marketing:**

Sources of agriculture finance in India. Role of commercial banks, Co-operative societies, RRBs and NABARD in providing of agricultural Finance.

Concept and types of agricultural markets – marketed and marketable surplus, Role of Regulated markets – NAFED, TRIFEDs.

## References:

- 1. Leading issues in Agricultural Economics, R.N. Soni & S. Malhothra, Vishal Publishers
- 2. Agricultural Economics, Bilgrame,
- 3. Agricultural Economics, Singh and Sahu,

## U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

## B.A. III YEAR

## SEMESTER – VI: CORE COURSE

### COURSE – VII- TELANGANA ECONOMY

#### <u>UNIT – I: Telangana Economy: Human Resources</u>

Economic History of Telangana – Demographic Features of Telangana – Occupational Distribution of Population in Telangana – Sectoral Distribution of Population – Migration and factors affecting it- Social Infrastructural Development: Education and Health

#### <u>UNIT – II: Gross Domestic Product, Poverty and Unemployment</u>

Trends in Gross State Domestic Product and Per Capita Income in Telangana – Sectoral Contribution to Gross State Domestic Product – Inequalities in the Distribution of Income and Wealth – Poverty & Unemployment in Telangana: Trends, Causes & Consequences –in Telangana– Poverty Alleviation & Employment Generation Programmes in Telangana – Other Welfare Programmes in Telangana

#### UNIT – III: Agricultural Sector

Growth of Agriculture in Telangana Economy – Trends in Agricultural Production and Productivity – Determinants of Agricultural Productivity – Cropping Pattern- Agrarian Structure and Land Reforms – Irrigation: Sources and Trends – Mission Kakatiya -Agricultural Credit and Rural Indebtedness, crop insurance– Agricultural Marketing.

#### <u>UNIT – IV: Industrial Sector</u>

Structure of Telangana Industry – Growth and Pattern of Industrial Development in Telangana – Industrial Policy of Telangana – Special Economic Zones (SEZ) – Role of MSME in Telangana Economy – Problems & Remedial Measures of Small Scale Industries: Industrial Sickness – Industrial Finance in Telangana

#### <u>UNIT – V: Service and Infrastructural Sectors</u>

Importance of Tertiary Sector in Telangana – Infrastructural Development in Telangana: Transport, Energy, Communication and Information Technology – Science & Technology – Banking & Insurance – Tourism Development – Regional Imbalances: Causes, Consequences & Remedial Measures

## Reference

- 1. Telangana Economy, Telugu Academy
- 2. Socio Economic survey of Telangana, Government of Telangana
- 3. Outlook of Telangana, Government of Telangana

## U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

### B.A. III YEAR

## SEMESTER – VI: DISCIPLINARY SPECIFIC ELECTIVE

#### COURSE-VIII (a): COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

#### Unit I: Fundamentals of Computers

Fundamentals of Computers – Components – Input-Output Devices – Central Processing Unit (CPU) – Types of Memory: RAM, ROM – Storage Devices – Software and Hardware – Operating System – Windows User Interface – Importance of Computers in Economic Analysis

#### Unit II: Word Processing with MS-Word

Starting MS-Word – Main Menu - Text Manipulations: Editing, Formatting, Copy, Cut and Paste – Working with Tables – Checking Spelling and Grammar – Saving and Retrieving Documents – Printing a Document

#### Unit III: Spreadsheets with MS-Excel

Opening Menu of MS-Excel – Rows and Columns of Spread Sheet - Types of Data – Entering Data – Formatting Data – Data Analysis with Excel: Sorting – Formulas and Functions – Basic Statistical Functions – Statistical and Business Charts – Saving, Retrieving and Printing

#### Unit IV: MS-Power Point

Opening Menu – Selecting a Slide – Inserting Objects into the Slide – Text, Graphical Shapes, Videos etc., Setting Attributes – Animation Effects – Setting Slide Show – Slide Transition – Delay – Presenters Pen – Saving, Retrieving and Printing Power Point Files

#### Unit V: Internet Basics

Internet Basics – Computer Networking – Local Area Networking, Wide Area Networking – World Wide Web – Getting Connected to Internet – Wireless Internet – Services Available in WWW – E-mail: Creating an Account – Sending and Receiving Mails – Attaching and Downloading Documents – Search – Searching Documents Over the Internet and Downloading – Social Networking

### U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

## B.A. III YEAR

## SEMESTER – VI : DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE (5-Credits)

#### COURSE – VIII (b): ECONOMICS OF ENVIRONMENT

#### Unit - I: Introduction

Definition, Concept of Ecology and Environment - Micro Economic Theory of Environment - The Pricing of the Environmental Variables - Pareto Optimality and Market Failure in the Presence of Externalities - The Theory of Externality and Public Good - Pigouvian Case and Material Balance Approach.

#### Unit - II: Resource Allocation

Problems of Resource Allocation - Economics of Exhaustible, Non-Exhaustible Resources - Theory of Natural Resources Depletion - Problems of Common Property Resources -Conservation of Resources - Implications of Ecological Imbalances - Optimal Rate of Depletion.

#### Unit –III: Environmental Valuation

Valuation of Non-market Goods and Services - Theory and Practice; Measurement Methods; Causes of Environmental Degradation - Valuation of Environmental Degradation – Direct and Indirect Methods – Cost-benefit Analysis of Environmental Policies and Regulations.

#### Unit – IV: Sustainable Development

Impact of Environment on GNP - Limits to Growth - Sustainable Development - Modern and Neo-Classical Views of Sustainable Development - Peoples Movement for Sustainable Development - Development vs Sustainable Development.

#### Unit - V: Environmental Pollution and Policies

Environment and Economy Interaction - Industrial and Agricultural Technology - its Impact on Environment – Different Types of Pollution- Environmental Policy and Protection of Ecosystem - Implementation of Environmental Policies in India- Global Environmental Issues. References:

| Baumol, W.J (1979)                                 | : Economics and Environmental Policy and Quality of life – Prentice Hall.                |
|--|--|
| Baumol, W.J (1989)                                 | : Theory of Environmental Policy - Cambridge University Press.                           |
| Bhattacharya, R.N (2001)                           | : Environmental Economics: An Indian Perspective,<br>Oxford University Press, New Delhi. |
| Chopra, K., Kadekodi G.K.<br>and M.N. Murthy(1990) | : The Management of Common Property Resources, SAGE, New Delhi.                          |
| Das Gupta, P.S &                                   | : The Economic Theory of exhaustible resources Cambridge                                 |
| G.M. Heal (1989)                                   | University Press.  |
| Dasgupta, P.S &                                    | : The Environment and Emerging development Issues  |
| K.G. Maler (1991)                                  | Cambridge University Press.  |
| Freedom, A.M (1979)                                | : The Benefits of Environment improvement, John Hopkins<br>University Press.             |
| Hussen, A.M (1999)                                 | : Principles of Environmental Economics, Routledge, London.                              |
| Joshi, Y.G. &                                      | : Social Environment for Sustainable Development, Rawat                                  |
| D.K. Verma (1998)                                  | Publications.  |
| Karpagam.M (1999)                                  | : Environmental Economics- A Textbook, Sterling Publishers<br>Pvt. Ltd.                  |
| Pearse, D. (1977)                                  | : Economics of Environment: London.  |
| Rajyalaxmi, V (2004)                               | : Environment and Sustainable Development, Aph Publishing Corporation.                   |

## NALGONDA

## U.G. ECONOMICS SYLLABUS (Under CBCS)

## B.A. I YEAR (w.e.f. Academic Year 2016-17 Batch)

## SEMESTER – VI: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE (5-Credits)

## COURSE – VIII (C): Economics of Rural Development

## <u>Unit – I: Introduction of Rural Development:</u>

Rural Development: - Nature and scope – Importance and objectives of Rural Development, Role of NGO.- Rural Economy of India: size and structure of Rural Economy - The characteristics of the Rural Sector - Role of Agricultural and Allied Sector- Role of the Non-Agricultural sub-sector – Nature of changes since Independence - Challenges and opportunities.

## **Unit – II: Measurement of Rural Development:**

Measures of Development: Measures of the level of Rural Development - Measures of Distribution of Income - Measures of Development simplified - Some Measures of Rural Poverty

## <u>Unit – III: Some Paradigms of Rural Development:</u>

Some Paradigms of Rural Development: Introduction - The Modernization Theory -Rosenstein - Rodan's Theory of the 'Big Push' - Leibenstein's critical minimum Effort Thesis - Lewis Model of Economic Development with unlimited supply of Labor force - Gunnar Myrdal's Thesis of Spread and Back ward Effects - The Human Capital model of Development -Gandhian Model of Rural Development - Development theories from other social sciences.

#### <u>Unit – IV: Determinants of Rural Development:</u>

Determinants of Rural Development: Change in Output - Changes in the Utilization of Natural Resources – Employment, Capital, Technology and Industrial framework

## <u>Unit – V: Approaches to Rural Development:</u>

Approaches to Rural Development: C.D. Program - Intensive Agricultural Districts Program - S.F.D.A. and MF.A.L.A.- D.P.A.P. - D.D.P. - I.R.D.P., D.W.C.R.A. - S.G.S.Y., Self help groups in Rural Development, other programmes for Rural Development.

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